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| FRD 22H |  |  | Standard disclosures in the Report of Operations (August 2020) |
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| Purpose |  |  | To prescribe the content of a report of operations to ensure consistency in reporting. |
| Application |  |  | Applies to all entities defined as either a public body or a department under section 3 of the *Financial Management Act 1994* (FMA). |
| Operative date |  |  | Reporting periods commencing on or after 1 July 2016. |
|  |  |  | FRD 22G *Standard Disclosures in the Report of Operations* is withdrawn and superseded effective 1 July 2016. |
| Requirements |  |  | An entity’s Report of Operations shall contain general and financial information, including other relevant information, outlining and explaining an entity’s operations and activities for the reporting period. As a minimum, the disclosures shall comply with the procedures below. |
|  |  |  | General information shall include a statement on occupational health and safety matters, including appropriate performance indicators and how they affect outputs. |
|  |  |  | Financial information shall be consistent with that included in the financial statements. |
| Procedure |  |  | The Report of Operations shall be presented in a format that complements the financial report as a whole. It shall contain any additional information that either the Accountable Officer or the governing board considers appropriate for inclusion, or which has been mandated by other authoritative pronouncements. |
|  |  |  | A **department** shall also disclose information prescribed by: FRD 8D *Consistency of budget and departmental reporting*;FRD 15D *Executive Officer disclosures in the Report of Operations*; and FRD 29B *Workforce data disclosures in the Report of Operations – Public Service employees.* |
|  |  |  | A public body that is a **public sector superannuation scheme** shall also disclose information prescribed by FRD 14 *Disclosures in annual reports by public sector superannuation schemes*. |
|  |  |  | General information |
|  |  | 5.4 | An entity’s statement on occupational health and safety matters shall identify the performance indicators adopted to monitor such matters, and outline the entity’s performance against those indicators.  |
|  |  |  | General information shall also include the following relating to the entity: * + 1. manner of establishment and the relevant Minister;
		2. purpose, functions, powers and duties;
		3. nature and range of service provision, including the communities served; and
		4. organisational chart detailing members of the governing board, Audit Committee, Chief Executive Officer, senior officers and their responsibilities.
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|  |  | 5.5 | An entity’s purpose, functions, powers and duties shall be linked to a summary of its activities, programs and achievements for the reporting period. |
|  |  | 5.6 | Organisational charts shall be sufficiently detailed to provide users with an understanding of the accountabilities for an entity’s main activities. |
|  |  | 5.7 | There shall be disclosures of the entity’s key initiatives and projects, including significant changes in key initiatives and projects from previous years and its expectations for the future. |
|  |  | 5.8 | Workforce data for the current and previous reporting period, including a statement on the application of employment and conduct principles and that employees have been correctly classified in workforce data collections. |
|  |  | 5.9 | Where the entity has a workforce inclusion policy, the entity shall include a measurable target and report on the progress towards the target. |
|  |  | 5.10 | An entity’s statement on occupational health and safety matters shall identify the performance indicators adopted to monitor such matters, and outline the entity’s performance against those indicators. As a minimum, the following shall be reported:* + 1. the number of reported hazards/incidents for the year per 100 full-time equivalent staff members;
		2. the number of ‘lost time’ standard claims for the year per 100 full-time equivalent staff members;
		3. the average cost per claim for the year (including payments to date and an estimate of outstanding claim costs as advised by WorkSafe);
		4. a minimum of two prior years’ data on these indicators and explanations for significant variations from one year to the next; and
		5. in the event of a fatality, a discussion of the circumstances that led to the fatality and the preventive measures that have been taken to prevent recurrence. If the fatality is under investigation or subject to an inquiry, a statement to that effect shall be included.
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|  |  | 5.11 | Financial informationThis shall include the following information relating to the current reporting period: * + 1. summary of the financial results, with comparative information for the preceding four reporting periods;
		2. summary of the significant changes in financial position;
		3. summary of the entity’s operational and budgetary objectives, including performance against the objectives and significant achievements;
		4. any events occurring after balance date which may significantly affect the entity’s operations in subsequent reporting periods;
		5. expenditure on consultancies; and
		6. expenditure on government advertising.
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|  |  | 5.12 | The Report of Operations shall complement the information presented in the financial statements by providing a discussion and analysis of the entity’s operating results and financial position. This shall include details about any significant factors that affect the entity’s performance. |
|  |  |  | Disclosure of consultancy expenditure |
|  |  | 5.13 | The Report of Operations shall include a statement disclosing:* + 1. the total number of consultancy engagements for which services were provided and/or were effective or operational during the reporting period that are individually valued at $10 000 or greater (exclusive of GST), and the total expenditure for the reporting period (exclusive of GST) on these consultancies;
		2. the location of where details of consultancies valued at $10 000 or greater (exclusive of GST) have been made publicly available; and
		3. the total number of consultancies that are individually valued at less than $10 000 (exclusive of GST), and the total expenditure for the reporting period (exclusive of GST) on these engagements.
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|  |  | 5.14 | For each consultancy valued at $10 000 or greater (exclusive of GST), an entity shall publish on its website a schedule listing the following: * + 1. consultants engaged;
		2. brief summary of the project involved;
		3. total project fees approved (exclusive of GST);
		4. expenditure for the reporting period (exclusive of GST); and
		5. any future expenditure committed to the consultant for the project.
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|  |  | 5.15 | If an entity does not have a website on which the annual report is published, the entity shall disclose details of all consultancies valued at $10 000 or greater (exclusive of GST) within its Report of Operations. |
|  |  |  | Disclosure of government advertising expenditure |
|  |  | 5.16 | For each government advertising campaign with total media buy of $100 000 or greater (exclusive of GST), an entity shall include a schedule listing the following: * + 1. name of advertising campaign;
		2. start and end date of campaign;
		3. campaign summary; and
		4. details of campaign expenditure for the reporting period (exclusive of GST) including:
			1. advertising (media);
			2. creative and campaign development;
			3. research and evaluation;
			4. print and collateral; and
			5. other campaign costs.
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|  |  |  | Disclosure of ICT expenditure |
|  |  | 5.17 | An entity shall disclose the following in the Report of Operations:* + 1. Total entity ICT Business As Usual (BAU) expenditure for the full 12‑month reporting period; and
		2. Total entity ICT Non-Business As Usual expenditure for the full 12‑month reporting period; and provide a breakdown for:
			1. Operational expenditure (OPEX); and
			2. Capital expenditure (CAPEX).
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|  |  |  | Other relevant information |
|  |  | 5.18 | Other relevant information shall include the following: * + 1. summary of the application and operation of *the Freedom of Information Act 1982* (FOI Act);
		2. statement on compliance with the building and maintenance provisions of the *Building Act 1993*;
		3. summary of the application and operation of the *Public Interest* *Disclosures Act 2012* (the Act), including disclosures required by the Act;
		4. statement, to the extent applicable, that the information disclosed in accordance with FRD 15D, is available on request to the relevant Minister, Members of Parliament or the public;
		5. statement, to the extent applicable, on the implementation and compliance with National Competition Policy, including compliance with the requirements of the policy statement ‘Competitive Neutrality Policy Victoria’, and any subsequent reforms;
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|  |  |  | * + 1. statement, to the extent applicable, on the implementation and compliance with National Competition Policy, including compliance with the requirements of the policy statement ‘Competitive Neutrality Policy Victoria’, and any subsequent reforms;
		2. statement, to the extent applicable, on the application and operation of the *Carers Recognition Act 2012* (Carers Act), and the actions that were taken during the year to comply with the Carers Act; and
		3. summary of an entity’s environmental performance.
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|  |  | 5.19 | Additional information available on request Subject to the provisions of the FOI Act, information that shall be retained by the Accountable Officer shall include: * + 1. a statement that declarations of pecuniary interests have been duly completed by all relevant officers;
		2. details of shares held by a senior officer as nominee or held beneficially in a statutory authority or subsidiary;
		3. details of publications produced by the entity about itself, and how these can be obtained;
		4. details of changes in prices, fees, charges, rates and levies charged by the entity;
		5. details of any major external reviews carried out on the entity;
		6. details of major research and development activities undertaken by the entity;
		7. details of overseas visits undertaken including a summary of the objectives and outcomes of each visit;
		8. details of major promotional, public relations and marketing activities undertaken by the entity to develop community awareness of the entity and its services;
		9. details of assessments and measures undertaken to improve the occupational health and safety of employees;
		10. a general statement on industrial relations within the entity and details of time lost through industrial accidents and disputes;
		11. a list of major committees sponsored by the entity, the purposes of each committee and the extent to which the purposes have been achieved; and
		12. details of all consultancies and contractors including:
			1. consultants/contractors engaged;
			2. services provided; and
			3. expenditure committed to for each engagement
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|  |  | 5.20 | Illustrated exampleAn example of the disclosures are illustrated in the *Model Report for Victorian Government Departments* for the corresponding period and is available on the DTF website:<http://www.dtf.vic.gov.au/Publications/Government-Financial-Management-publications/Financial-Reporting-Policy/Model-Report>Presentation of the requirements should be in a similar format to the example disclosures. |
| Definitions  |  | 6.1 | **Accountable Officer** – as defined in section 42 of the FMA is the Department Head of a department or the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) or equivalent of a public body, unless the Minister determines otherwise. |
|  |  | 6.2 | **Contractor** – is an individual or organisation that is formally engaged to provide works or services for or on behalf of an entity. This definition does not apply to casual, fixed-term or temporary employees directly employed by the entity. |
|  |  | 6.3 | **Consultant** – is a particular type of contractor that is engaged primarily to perform a discrete task for an entity that facilitates decision making through:provision of expert analysis and advice; and/ordevelopment of a written report or other intellectual output |
|  |  | 6.4 | **Government campaign advertising** – any campaign advertising bought through the Master Agency Media Services (MAMS) media buying contract. The definition of ‘campaign’ as seen in the MAMS Policy and Contract Guidelines is:Campaign advertising is designed to inform, educate or change behaviour. Campaign advertising requires strategic planning in the area of media and creative services to achieve set objectives. Advertising may be part of a broader communication and marketing plan. |
|  |  | 6.5 | **Information and Communication Technology (ICT) expenditure** - represents an entity’s costs in providing business-enabling ICT services and consists of the following cost elements:operating and capital expenditure (including depreciation); ICT services - internally and externally sourced;cost in providing ICT services (including personnel and facilities) across the agency, whether funded through a central ICT budget or through other budgets; andcost in providing ICT services to other organisations. |
|  |  | 6.6 | **Non-Business As Usual (Non-BAU) expenditure** – is a subset of ICT expenditure that relates to extending or enhancing current ICT capabilities and are usually run as projects. |
|  |  | 6.7 | **Business As Usual (BAU) expenditure** – includes all remaining ICT expenditure other than Non-BAU ICT expenditure and typically relates to ongoing activities to operate and maintain the current ICT capability. |
| Relevant pronouncements |  | 7.1 | FRD 8D *Consistency of budget and departmental reporting*;FRD 14 *Disclosures in annual reports by public sector superannuation schemes*; FRD 15D *Executive Officer disclosures in the Report of Operations*;FRD 29B *Workforce data disclosures in the Report of Operations – Public service employees*; and*ICT Reporting Standard* and *ICT Expenditure Reporting Guideline,* found at <http://www.enterprisesolutions.vic.gov.au> by searching for ‘ICT expenditure’. |
| Background |  | 8.1 | Section 45 of the FMA requires an entity to prepare a report of operations. This FRD requires disclosure of information about the entity and its activities, operational highlights, and other relevant information, additional to that included in the financial statements, that is useful for decision-making.This FRD was updated in:November 2005 to clarify the reference used.June 2007 to reflect revised and new references for this FRD.June 2012 to reflect the government’s commitments in relation to transparency on consultancies.June 2013 to update the contractor and consultancy definitions, introduce online reporting of consultancies valued at $10 000 or greater (exclusive of GST), and to reflect the government’s commitments in relation to transparency of government advertising and communications expenditure. The reference to the *Whistleblowers Protection Act 2001* was replaced with the Protected Disclosures Act 2012.May 2014 to reflect disclosures on the departmental strategic objectives, objective indicators and to report on the progress towards achievement of these objectives; and also reporting requirements for compliance with the Carers Act (if applicable).April 2015 to require disclosures in relation to an entity’s key initiatives and projects, occupational health and safety matters and its workforce inclusion policy. Terminology for ‘objectives’ has been revised to ‘purpose’ to avoid confusion with the specific term ‘departmental objectives’ in the performance management framework for Victoria. Requirements to disclose departmental strategic objectives, and progress towards achievements of these objectives have been transferred to FRD 8C *Consistency of Budget and Departmental Reporting*. Transition disclosures in relation to the disclosure of consultants have also been removed as they are no longer applicable.October 2015 to require the disclosure of an entity’s ICT expenditure. The purpose is to increase government transparency in managing ICT expenditure and promote consistency in tracking ICT expenditure. This additional disclosure is in response to a recommendation from the Victorian Auditor-General’s Office (VAGO) performance audit on *Digital Dashboard: Status Review of ICT Projects and Initiatives*. In addition, the approval and disclosure threshold for government advertising expenditure has been reduced from $150 000 to $100 000, to better control spending and improve transparency.May 2017 to align the definition of accountable officer with FRD 29B *Workforce data disclosures in the Report of Operations – Public Service Employees* and FRD 15D *Executive officer disclosures in the Report of Operations,* which was revised to improve clarity. The example disclosures in the appendices were removed and reference was made to the illustrative disclosure in the *Model Report for Victorian Government Departments* as these examples are updated on an annual basis.August 2020 to update the name of the Act from *Protected Disclosure Act 2012* to the *Public Interest Disclosures Act 2012* which was renamed on 1 January 2020.  |